"If, during the struggle with Mr. Blount, I inflicted any injuries on him, I did not know it when I left the institution, and it had no influence on my leaving, nor did his condition in any way have anything to do with my leaving. If he received any any injuries, I did not purposely or intentionally inflict any of them. If it is true that persons suffering with paresis have frail bones, I did not know it. was my duty to restrain Mr. noying other patients. It was not my intention when I left here to escape the authorities nor conceal myself.

I told Mr. Wells I was going to Logansport, and if they wanted me I would be

Cross-examination-"I am aware that am charged with a very serious crime. I know the possible punishment is imprisonment for life. Of course, I have a desire to be a free man. The thought has not been in my mind while testifying that if I did not tell a plansible story this jury would convict me. I have not had it in my mind to tell a story (of the fight), when no one among the living was present. I have tried to tell the story as it was. Had been tried to tell the story as it was. Had been in the ward only about a week. Had known Peterson, Hannan, Perry, Dr. Druly et al. since then. Had perhaps played cards with Mr. Hannan. Regarded him as other patients and spoke to him the same. Never did Hannan any injury I know of to give him occasion for, feeling unkindly toward me, nor do I know why Peterson or Marsh should testify as they have against me, unless they fear they may get into trouble as I have. I never heard it said that Peterson, Marsh or any one else had that Peterson, Marsh or any one else had treated any one badly. Think they per-haps fear trouble because I have it, as they were on the same ward with me. I know no reason for Hannan testifying against me as he has, if he is perfectly friendly toward me, and I know of no reason why he is not. I never said or did anything that would make any of the witnesses desire that I go to the penitentiary.

before that Thursday night, and had no previous difficulty to k of with him. Had a little ble once before to get him to undress here were no blows or anything to but there were no blows or anything of that kind. My feelings were kindly toward him. I noticed he was unsteady in his gait and had something wrong in one of his eyes. I did not say to Mr. Tompkins or any one else that it was one of Mr. Blount's delusions to thing he had been choked. He would appear to be arguing a case in court, and was under the delusion that he was a great man. Never heard him say at any time he had been kicked or struck, or that his left side hurt him. He was flushed and excited that Thursday night. He was standing just inside the door when he first struck at me. I guarded off his blow, and he struck again. Do not recall what either said. So long as Mr. Tompkins was there, when we went to give Mr. Blount medicine two or three times. Mr. Blount did not strike at me,"

Dr. Samuel Smith testified: "My resi dence is at Logansport. Am assistant physican in the Northern insane hospital. I have known the defendant since he was employed in the hospital. His general repemployed in the hospital. His general reputation for peace and quiet is good. He was an attendant, first an assistant and then a regular attendant." J. D. Ferguson, ort, said he had known the defendant for about ten years. His reputa-tion for peace and quiet was good. He worked for Ferguson, in 1882, about a year. Knew him at the Northern insane hospital.

MORE FROM DR. WELLS. He Corrects Some of His Statements of Day Before.

Continuing his testimony this morning Dr. Wells, superintendent of the hospital, testified: "I told Mr. Blount's father that his son was in a serious condition; that he would probably die; that his lung was inflamed; that his injuries might be deep or superficial, and if deep, the cause of the inflammation." Witness read the notes he made of Wood's statement to him on Sunday, in which he said Blount did not fall down, and he did not know he was hurt; that as he (Wood) went in Blount struck at him, and he handed his lamp to Marsh, took Blount by the arms and put him on the bed, where he held him by the arms on his breast until Dr. Wells arrived. Mr. Marsh stated that Blount, during his temporary absence Saturday morning, fell out of bed; was found on the floor, one arm resting on the bed; that he, Marsh, gave him a bath Friday, and saw no bruises.

As to what attendant Peterson said, he testified: "My recollection is not distinct, but I am sure I questioned him, and the summing up of what he and Mr. Thompkins et al. said was in keeping with the above. My notes were taken Sept. 28. I kept them in my file-box until I handed them to the prosecutor after the meeting of the grand jury; did not present them to the prosecutor or any one else prior to that, or give him other information referred to un-til the prosecution was begun. A knowl-edge of how the State could get these matters, if I refused, was not my sole purpose in furnishing them. My reason was that thought the State was entitled to them. did not previously furnish the matter to the authorities, because I did not know a crime had been committed. I favored the investigation by the board because, in the light of the autopsy, etc., I thought my former conclusions were erroneous. Do not think Wood asked for a letter of recommendation when he finally left; he had the old one I gave him a month before, on going to Dayton."

WANTED TO CORRECT HIS TESTIMONY. Re-direct-"I made no effort at any time to conceal anything from the prosecutor or any one else; save from the defense, as requested by the prosecutor after the prosecution began. Mr. Wood was not staggering drunk or anything of the kind, but he had been drinking. There was no thought of putting Mr. Plount's body in a dark room for the purpose of concealing any thing from the undertaker after his death, nor was there any effort to conceal his in juries before death that I am aware of. I telegraphed the coroner of Delaware county proffering any aid I could give him when I heard of the criminal charges by Mr. Hannan, and informed Secretary Johnson, of the Board of State Charities."

At this juncture Dr. Wells expressed desire to correct some of his evidence as to its possible interpretation in some respects, and on the ground that he responded to some questions without a full appreciation of their import. This was allowable, and he explained that he meant by the result of the trial vindicating or censuring, that the testimony or facts developed, not the verdict, would vindicate or censure him; that by answering yes, yesterday, he meant he did tell Mrs. Blount her husband was in-jured, not that he did not tell her; that he meant to say he had no impression that the letter to Mrs. Blount informing her that husband was worse was antedated, and had every reason to believe it was properly dated; that he did not mean concealing evidence and not bringing it forth meant the same; that the word concealed carried with

it the thought of trying to deceive. Dr. Patterson was called and was about to testify concerning the statement in Hannan's affidavit as to a conversation in which the doctor should have said to Hannan he knew Blount died from the effects of choking and kicking as stated by Hannan and that he (the doctor) was going to resign, as things were not going to suit him, etc., when the State objected and was sustained, whereupon the defense filed an exception

Dr. J. M. Thurston gave expert testimony as to the effect of pneumonia on the lung tissues, as to pulpification and as to rib fractures, the drift of which was that he was not certain that the injuries inflicted by Wood were the cause of Blount's death. Drs. J. S. Bond and J. R. Weist testified to

about the same effect.

EUROPE'S SUFFERING POOR

Thousands in Need of Food and Shelter from Cold in England and France.

Fate of a Check for a Million Rubles Presented by a Jewish Banker to a Russian Official -Pope Leo's Physical Condition.

SUFFERING IN EUROPE. Poor of England and France in Need of

Proper Shelter and Food.

LONDON, Jan. 20 .- From all parts of Europe comes the cry of the suffering poor, due mainly to the severity of the weather. London is as much in need of a Balfour relief fund as Ireland. The poor boxes kept in the magistrates' courts are exhausted in answering the calls of respectable and well-recommended hungry people, and thousands are known to be starving at home sooner than accep the alternative of going to the workhouse. The Salvation Army shelters are crowded, and for several nights many have had to be turned away for lack of accommodation. The charge at these shelters, for supper, bed and breakfast, is 4d. but those without money are received and allowed to pay in labor. In Paris the authorities are hiring additional buildings for the reception of the destitute, many of whom wander all night in the streets. The warming-rooms for the poor in Vienna are very successful in alle-viating misery, and a movement is on foot to add a dole of soup for each person. The French Deputies, to-day, appropriated \$200,-000 more to relieve sufferers by the cold and

A general thaw has set in throughout England to the great relief of those who have been heavy sufferers on account of the extraordinarily severe weather which has prevailed in Europe. Unhappily, the effeets of the thaw, for some time to come, at least, seem likely to be as disastrous to many poor people as the cold weather they have been complaining of.

Germany is getting milder weather to-day, with rain. Efforts to move the ice-bound shipping at Hamburg has begun.

The River Tagus and the Ebro, which flows through Saragossa, Spain, are covered with ice, the first since 1829. The estimated loss of wages, stoppage of trade and blight of crops by the storms and colds in France is \$2,500,000.

SINGULAR TRANSACTION.

One Million Rubles of Jewish Money, Which Nobody Wanted, Distributed by the Czar. St. Petersburg, Jan. 20.-A well-known Jewish banker named Baron Ginseburg. last week waited on M. Durnovo, Minister of the Interior, and asked him to try to alleviate or to postpone the carrying out of the edicts which had been issued for the repression of Jews in Russia. During the interview the Baron handed to the Minister an envelope containing one million roubles. payable to the order of M. Durnovo and indorsed by the Mendelssohns of Berlin. M Durnovo subsequently obtained an audience with the Czar and gave him the check, telling him of the manner in which it had come into his possession. The Czar there-npon gave orders for the arrest of Baron Ginseburg, and sent and aid-decamp to interrogate the Baron in regard to the matter. The Baron admitted, in part, the accuracy of the statement made by M Durnovo. He declared, however, that the check was not given as a bribe, but as an ordinary banking transaction, as the books of his firm would show. Upon an investigation being made the books proved that the order had been received in the usual manner from Berlin. When these facts were told to the Czar he ordered that the prisoner be released from custody. Orders were also given to return the check to Baron Ginseburg, but he refued to take it. The Czar thereupon ordered that half of the money be given to the Red Cross Soci-ety and the other half used for the relief of

THE POPE SLOWLY DYING.

His Bodily Strength Decreasing, but His Mental Vigor Undiminished. LONDON, Jan. 20 .- The latest trustworthy news about Pope Leo XIII, who again has been represented as in a dying condition by recent dispatches, is to be found in the Secolo XIX, a Milan paper, to which its Rome correspondent wrote Dec. 23, 1890:

"The strength of the Pope is daily decreasing. Not that he can be said to be suffering from any definite illness; still, his life is ebbing away slowly and insensibly. What keeps him up, more than anything else, is his energy and his will, still sufficiently strong and vigorous. But those who approach him are sadly struck with all the symptoms of a speedy bodily dissolution. The Pope's voice has become thin—so thin; his body, already lean and angular, has become almost transparent; the eyes only are still vivacious and brilliant. He looks like a shadow, 'un 'ombra,' a spirit, mournful and sad, wandering through the grand and superb solitude of the Vatican. Perhaps he is suffering over the idea that he has not done for the church as much as he could or would have done. He had grand concep-tions, vast schemes, and he had the mind and the heart to realize them. But circumstances were stronger than he. These later years of his pontificate have not correspond ed to all the hopes which he entertained in 1878; he feels it himself, and is grieved at it. Still, it was less through his fault than through those of others that his plans did

"At any rate he continues his receptions. He always has on his lips his habitual smile; he does not miss a single ceremony, and fulfills all the duties of his high office. He wants to prove to others that he is still vigorous; and perhaps he wants to prove it to himself. But nobody in the Vatican en-tertains any illusion in that respect. Ex-tremely feeble are the ties which bind him to life; and no great force will be necessary to cut them off. Perhaps one morning, when nobody expects it, the Pope my be found dead. Or perhaps, during one of the ceremonies, which he will attend, the old man will be seen dropping his head, never to lift it up again, upon the arm of his holy chair, the 'sedia gestatoria.'

Healy Almost Mobbed Again. DUBLIN, Jan. 20,-Mr. Timothy Healy, M. P., delivered a lecture yesterday evening at Mullingar, and a riotous scene was the result. A strong force of sympathizers with Mr. Parnell gathered outside the hall during the course of the lecture, and threats of violence toward Mr. Healy were freely uttered. When the latter emerged from the hall he was greeted with a storm of hoots and yells, and a rush was made by the Parnellites in his direction. Luckily a number of pricets, who had been present at the meeting, interposed themselves be-tween Mr. Healy and the infuriated mob,

to escape from a rough handling. Protests Against the Chilian Blockade. LONDON, Jan. 20.-The representatives of foreign governments at Santiago de Chili have entered formal protests against the blockade of Chilian ports by the war vessels in possession of the insurgents.
It is stated in diplomatic circles in Paris that the French government has decided to order several French men-of-war to rendezvous in Chilian waters.

and thus probably enabled that gentleman

Break in the Strikers' Ranks. GLASGOW, Jan. 20 .- Forty-four railway strikers, including a number of veteran engineers and other old employes, returned to work to-night on the Caledonia railway. The return of these men will enable the Caledonian company to employ twenty more engines on the road.

Victims of an Earthquake. GENEVA, Jan. 20 .- Slight earthquake shocks were experienced here to-day, and the drowning of three persons, which occurred shortly afterwards while skating in the harbor, is attributed to the ice having been broken by the shocks. Quakes were also felt in France.

Cable Notes.

It transpires that the late Duke of Bed-

Arrangements are now completed for the opening early in March of telephonic communication between Paris and London.

The health of Mr. Charles Bradlaugh, the noted British free-thinker, and member of Parliament for Northampton, does not seem to improve. The latest reports received from his bedside are far from encouraging. Mr. Bradlaugh has not been able to sleep since Wednesday last and is now in a very exhausted condition.

The German newspapers print warm enlogies of the late George Bancroft, the American historian. Mr. Bancroft was on terms of intimate friendship with Prince Bismarck, to whom he wrote in October 1870, that he thanked his stars that he lived in a time when such men as Bismarck and King William of Prussia lived.

BIG STRIKE ON THE ERIE.

Conductors and Dispatchers Go Out Because a Suspended Man Is Discharged.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. HUNTINGTON, Ind., Jan. 20.-The trouble between the officials of the Chicago & Erie railway and the Order of Railway Conductors, growing out of the discharge of a member of the order who has been employed as a train-dispatcher, culminated to-night in a strike. From sixty to seventy conductors went out, and they have not only the sympathy of the Engineers, Firemen and Switchmens' Brotherhood, but their promise that they will refuse to work with imported help. The general officers of the company are in Chicago, and it is said, in anticipation of trouble, have perfected arrangements to supply the places of members of the order with outsiders. A special train is reported en route from Marion, O., with from fifty to one hundred men to take the places of the The train-dispatchers also went out with the conductors. The strike has the sanction of Grand Chief Conductor Clark, who

It is also reported that Chief Arthur, of the Engineers' Brotherhood, and Sargent, of the Firemen's Brotherhood, together with the grand officers of the trainmen's and switchmen's orders, have been notified that their presence may be desired.

Scott was a dispatcher at Huntington, and about a month ago, it is alleged, gave orders which, if carried out, would have resulted in a collision. The mistake is said to have been discovered in time to prevent

succeeding events leading up to the strike are told in a letter from Generl Manager Tucker, received by Train dispatcher Zeisler at Huntington within the past day or two. The letter notes the dismissal of Scott outright, and says: Had my first decision to the effect that Mr. Scott be suspended for thirty days been accepted there would have been no disposition to change the decision, and Mr. Scott's reinstatement at the end of that time would probably have fol-lowed as a matter of course. But the very rad-ical stand taken by yourself and the conductors and engineers, wherein you demanded that Mr. Scott be reinstated unconditionally and threat-

ened serious trouble if the demand was refused, has led to a more careful consideration of the

Will Not Permit a Boycott. CHICAGO, Jan. 20. - The report from Omaha that the telegraph operators and station agents of the Union Pacific, through sympathy for the strikers of the Chicago. Milwankee & St. Paul, have decided to boycott the latter road by diverting as much traffic as possible to other lines, is said to be without foundation. General Passenger Agent Heafford, of the Milwaukee & St. Paul, telegraphed General Pas-senger Agent Lomax, of the Union Pacific, inquiring if there was any truth in the story. Mr. Lomax replied that, so far as he could learn, no such course was contemplated, and that in any event the management of the Union Pacific would see that no movement of the kind would be carried

The St. Paul officials who are going over the Cedar Rapids division of the road with a number of operators to take the places of the strikers, and checking up the stations, met with unlooked-for receptions at a number of the stations. At Springville, after they had taken possession of the office a delegation of citizens run them out and barred the doors, and at Stone City a rope was stretched across the track and a card suspended there, reading: "No man but A. C. Comstock will be allowed to work here." Comstock is an old operator. All along the line from Marion to Sabula Junction the citizens have boy cotted the new men, and will not sell them meals.

Threats of Street-Car Employes. CHICAGO, Jan. 20 .- A mass-meeting of South-side cable road employes to-night appointed a committee to demand the immediate discharge of Assistant Superintendent Luck. The alternative is a strike. Luck is a supposed advocate of cheap Italian labor, and the men fear that the company intends to make him in fact. if not in title, the successor of the recently deposed Supt. C. B. Holmes. The South Side company operates 150 miles of road and employs over two thousand men.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 20 .- Seventyfive miners at Watson & Co.'s mine, near Staunton, went on a strike this morning, because a weighman they had placed to watch the scales, suspected of being wrong, was ordered out of the shaft building.

Crazed by Disgrace.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Jan. 20.-Four months ago this city and neighboring community was flooded with large amounts of spurious silver coin. Detectives were put at work, and the counterfeits were traced to Mrs. Gertrude Russell, the of a prominent business man ing in Ohio, opposite here. Russell was arrested in West Virginia and indicted in the United States Court at Parkersburg, W. Va. She was convicted, but was released on a motion for a new trial. During the last few weeks her disgrace has preyed upon her mind, and yes-terday she became a raving maniac. A strange part of the affair is that, although repeatedly questioned, she has never divulged where she secured the counterfeits, and the officials are still in the dark concerning the makers of the coin.

Flying-Machine Victims. CHICAGO, Jan. 20.-The directors of the Mount Carmel Air-ship Company held a meeting at the Grand Pacific Hotel this evening and ordered an assessment of 10 per cent. on the \$20,000,000 capital stock. Projector Pennington says the action was in good faith and that the \$2,000,000 is to be paid in without delay and used for construction purposes. The thirty-foot model now at the Exposition Building is being put together, he says, and will be exhibited within a day or two. Morris Luttin, a seven-year-old boy, during a discussion with another juvenile, today, about flying-machines, jumped from the second story of the Pullman school, thinking an overcoat arranged as a para-

chute would stave off danger. Morris escaped with his life, but broke his left thigh. Alleged Insane Asylum Brutality. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 20.-Joseph E. Pace, an ex-inmate of the insane asylum Ill., has furnished Repre-Watson a long affidawhich he charges that the management of that institution is very had indeed. The allegations are to the effect that the inmates are brutally beaten. kicked, choked, and somtimes burned with hot irons; that the food and clothing are insufficient and of poor quality; that the patients are overworked and subjected to arbitrary and unnecessary regulations. The matter is to be brought to the attention of the State Legislature.

Noted Horse-Thief Arrested. CHICAGO, Jan. 20.-Thos. Graham, who has half a dozen aliases, and has been at times called the "King of the horse-thieves." was arrested in Chicago this evening He is the supposed leader of a band of horse-thieves which operated extensively in Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. Hundreds of animals have been stolen by the gang, the heaviest sufferers being fine stock farms. Various horse-thief associations have been on Graham's trail for months. He hails from Cincinnati.

Bishop Hare says that he feels for the

pain and weakness. A verdict in accord- SCHEMES OF POLITICIANS

Leaders of the Farmers' Alliance Planning to Strengthen Their Organization.

Presidential Boom Headquarters to Be Opened by Hill at Washington-Results of Ballots for Senators-Doings of Legislatures.

THE FARMERS' MOVEMENT. Coming Conference of Alliance Leaders-The Organization to Be Strengthened.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- The Farmers' Alliance Congressmen who recently cut such a figure in politics are about to assemble here for the purpose of looking over the congressional field. Hon. Jerry Simpson, the sockless statesman from Medicine Lodge, will be among them. President Polk, the head of the Alliance organization, has his headquarters here, and he was asked to-day what the purpose of the gathering was. He said it was entirely informal, and was due largely to the wish among the various Congressmen-elect to see Washington and get a preliminary idea of how the congressional grind was conducted. It was probable, he said, that the matter of future action by the Alliance members in Congress would be discussed and some policy agreed upon. While the Alliance members are not numerous enough to hold the balance of power, they are sufficiently strong, if they act as a unit, to make themselves felt in legislation.

Mr. Pope and editor Dunning, of the Alliance paper, have just received letters from Illinois concerning the senatorial struggle there. One letter is from candidate Streeter, and expresses his sanguine hopes of being chosen for the Senate. Other letters are from the Alliance members of the Illihas been on the ground for several hours. nois Legislature, who also indicate a determined purpose to stand by Streeter. President Polk says that the organization of Iowa on a solid Alliance foundation has just been completed, and he is now about to turn his attention to New York. There has been little or no effort to put the Alliance into New York State up to this time, and the organization is confined to two minor districts in that State; but the national officers will now send their organizers throughout the State, and expect to arrange matters so that the Alliance will exert a strong influence in shaping New York's part in the contest of

He Will Manage His Own Boom.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- The announce ment is made in an evening paper that when Governor Hill, of New York, is elected United States Senator he will come here and open political headquarters with a view to secure the nomination for the presidency next year, and that his election to the Senate will not put him under obligations to defer his presidential aspirations to ex-President Cleveland or anybody else. The coming of Governor Hill will be watched with great interest in Washington. There are those who believe that he will diminish in importance when he is placed under the focus of a senatorial microscope, while others contend that he will prove a greater man than the late Prestdent, or than he himself has ever appeared by having access to a better forum than has heretofore been given him.

Ohio Farmers in Convention, Gallon, O., Jan. 20.—One thousand farm ers and five hundred Knights of Labor ar in attendance here upon the annual meeting of the State Farmers' Alliance and the Knights of Labor. A joint session will be held, at which measures looking to co operation, and possibly consolidation, wil adopted. At the meeting of the Farmers' Alliance a split ensued at the start on the question of electing a committee on credentials. The difficulty was finally settled and three chosen in place of twenty-one. Secretary Crawford said there were the sub-alliances on the roll, with 25,000 members. Other counties are awaiting the action of the convention before being enrolled. In his opening address the president denounced as pernicious the voting for bankers, lawyers and millonaires for office.

BALLOTING FOR SENATORS. Palmer Fails to Get a Majority in Illinois

The Democratic Programme. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 20.-A vote wa taken in the House to-day for United States Senator to succeed Farwell. The result in the Senate was: Palmer. Dem., 24; Oglesby, Rep., 27. House: Palmer, 77: Oglesby, 73; Streeter, 3. As no one candidate received a majority in both houses there was no elec-

All contested election cases in the General Assembly have been declared off as a result of a compromise to-day between the Democratic and Republican steering committees of both houses. The Democratic policy to be followed to-morrow and hereafter in joint assembly is for that party to assume the aggressive. After taking one ballot to-morrow, instead of adjourning until next day, the Democrats will insist upon ballot after ballot, voting down every attempt to adjourn in hopes that there will be a break some place. They hope to catch some Republican napping or else break up the F. M. B. A. ranks.

Alleged Bribery in Washington. OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 20.-At the caucus of the Republicans last night. Senator Squire was nominated for United States Senator. Fifty-six Republican members signed the call for the caucus and agreed to abide by its choice. This gives Squire a majority of one on joint ballot. When the time for balloting in the Legislature arrived to-day, Senator Metcalf, of Stevens county, arose and charged Clarke, of Spokane, with an attempt to bribe him to vote for Calkins, and deposited with the Speaker \$500 paid him. An adjournment was at once taken to investigate the matter.

Calkins, 14. Acting Governor Laughlin received 1 and Thomas Carroll, Democrat, 4. Results in Other States. CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 20.-At noon a ba lot was taken in both branches of the Legislature for United States Sepator, to succeed Hon. Henry W. Blair. In the House the ballot resulted as follows: Charles H Burns, 1; Charles A. Sinclair, Dem., 163; Dr. acob H. Gallinger, Rep., 181. In the Senate the ballot stood: Harry Bingham, 1; Sinclair, 9; Gallinger, 14, In each house the name of Dr. Gallinger was ordered entered upon the records as the choice of a majority

of the members.

In the Senate, this afternoon, the vote

for United States Senator was: Squire, 18

United States Senator in the Senate this afternoon resulted: Cameron, Rep., 31; Black, Dem., 15. Senator Logan, Dem., voted for J. C. Aibley. In the House the vote was: Cameron, 113; Black, 77; Taggart, Ind. Rep., 11. Mr. Taggart's strength was less than had been expected, the Cameron people con-ceding him fourteen votes as late as this morning. He took his defeat philosophical y and expressed himself as being perfectly satisfied with the result. Twenty members, he said, had assured him of their support, but when the important moment arrived they cast their ballots for Cameron. ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 20 .- Both branches of the Legislature voted for United States Senator at noon to-day. There were six absentees in the Assembly, and the ballot resulted: Hill, Dem., 65; Evarts, Rep., 58. In the Senate the vote stood: Hill, 13; Evarts, 19. The joint session will be held

HARRISBURG, Jan. 20.-The vote for

expected to be present, and as a result will elect Hill. PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 20.-The vote on United States Senator in the House to-day resulted: Moody, 53; Preston, 3; Melville, 1; Elliott, 1; Harden, 22; Brose, 11; Cosard, 6; Wardell, 5; Campbell, 1; Dye, 1; Tripp, 19, In the Senate: Moody, 22; Pickler, 1; Wardell, 7; Brose, 4; Cosard, 3; Harden, 2; Tripp. 6. Both houses meet in joint session

to-morrow, when all the Democrate are

DENVER, Col., Jan. 20.—The Senate this ATCHISON, Kan., Jan. 20.—The Bank of morning elected H. M. Teller to succeed Downs, at Downs, Mitchell county, Kan-SIMMONS Liver Regulator has never been ford shot himself during a temporary fit of loor Indian. Does he realize that the poor limited by a vote of 14 to 10. The "Regulator has never been insanity and while suffering from extreme lar" and the "Combine" houses also met connected with the American National by George!

separately, and both gave Teller a majority. The Legislature will meet in joint session to-morrow and formally re-elect him. LITTLE ROCK, Jan. 20.—Both houses of the Legislature balloted for United States Senstor to-day, the result being the re-election of James K. Jones. The vote stood in the House: Jones, Dem., 80; Jacob Freiber, Rep.,

12, and 3 scattering. In the Senate the vote was, Jones, 26; scattering, 2. BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 20.-Balloting for United States Senator began to-day. Mc-Cormick received the 24 Democratic votes. Pierce led the Republican candidates with 15 votes, against 12 for Miller, 11 for Hansbrough, 7 for Louisberry, 8 for Ball and others scattering.

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 20.—The Senate and House to-day balloted in separate session for United States Senator, to succeed J. H Mitchell. In the Senate the ballot resulted J. H. Mitchell, Rep., 22; B. Goldsmith, Dem., 6. In the House the vote was: Mitchell, 41: Goldsmith, 19.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 20 .- Both branches of the Legislature voted for United States Senator to-day. The Republicans voted for Senator Platt, while the Democrats scattered. The joint session will be held to-morrow.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 20.-The vote in the Senate on United States Senator to-day was: Vest, Dem., 24; Headley, Rep., 7; Jones, Labor, 1. In the House the vote was: Vest, 106; Headley, 25; Leonard 6. RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 20.—The Legislature to-day balloted for United States Senator, with this result: Senate-Vance, 40; Pritchard, 7. House-Vance, 86; Pritchard, 13; Dockery, 1.

WORK OF LEGISLATURES.

Kansas Grangers in Favor of Female Sui frage-State Printer Elected.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 20.-A bill was introduced in the House, to-day, to confer the right of suffrage on women. The bill is very brief. The first section provides that women twenty-one years old and possess ing all other necessary qualifications of voters shall be entitled to vote at all general, special and municipal elections in the State the same as men. The second section provides that women twenty-one years old and over shall be entitled to be voted for and hold any office in the State. The Alliance members are practically unanimous on the question of woman suffrage.

A bill was also introduced in the House to place electric-light and water-works committees under the control of the Board of Railroad Commissioners. The board is to adjust grievances and fix prices. A penalty is also prescribed for watering stock. which has a similar law

A bill was introduced in the Senate to establish an experimental station at Lawrence to test Professor Snow's theories for exterminating chinch-bugs. At 3 P. M. both houses met in joint convention to elect a State Printer. Mr. Snow was the successful candidate. His election as State Printer removes from the sen-

atorial race one of the most promi-nent of the Alliance candidates. P. P. Elder, Speaker of the House and a favor-ite of the Alliance, resides in the same town as Mr. Snow. It is a precedent, which has never been departed from, not to give to one part of the State more than one prominent office, and it was on that account that Mr. Elder, desiring the senstorial nomination, fought Mr. Snow's nomination, knowing that Snow's success meant his [Elder's] failure. It is too early yet to predict, with any degree of certainty. where Mr. Elder's senatorial strength will go. It seems to be the opinion of outsiders that Judge Peffer will get it. The list of Alliance candidates now contains the names of Judge Peffer, editor of the Al-liance Advocate; Judge Doster, judge of the District Court at Holton; John F. Willits, the late Alliance candidate for Governor; S. M. Scott; Frank McGrath, president of the State Alliance, and Jerre Simpson, Con-

gressman-elect from the Seventh district. Straightening Out Nebraska's Tangle. LINCOLN. Neb., Jan. 20.-The joint convention of the Legislature to hear the contest for State offices convened at 10:30 this morning. A protest was read from Governor Boyd that the joint session was illegal, as a concurrent resolution calling the session had not been presented to either the Lieutenant-governor nor Governor for their signatures. A motion to adjourn until tomorrow morning, in order to allow the concurrent resolution to be presented to the Governor and Lieutenant-governor for their signatures, was carried by a vote of 99 to 72. The Republicans and Democrats voted solidly in favor of an adjournment, and the eleven Independents voted with them. Governor Thayer last evening expressed great indignation at what he termed the false and malignant statements sent out concerning his mental condition. He is a trifle weak, but will apparently be in his usual health after a few days' rest. His

mind does not appear affected in the slightest degree. Governor Pattison Inaugurated, HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 20.—Governor Pattison was inaugurated at noon to-day, with the usual ceremonies. In his inaugural address Governor Pattison pledged himself to make most earnest efforts to enforce every article and section of the Constitution. Governor Pattison sent to the Senate this afternoon a communication stating that he had appointed William F. Harrity, of Philadelphia, Secretary of State; W. U. Hensel, of Lancaster, Attorney-general, and William McClelland, of Pittsburg, Adjutantgeneral. The Senate went into executive

unanimous vote. KANSAS CITY'S BANKS.

session, and confirmed the nominations by

Possibility that the American May Resume The Run on the Savings Institution.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 20.—Bank Examiner J. F. Marshall, with a large corps of assistants, was busy to-day examining into the condition of the American National Bank. which suspended yesterday. He declined to make any statement concerning the bank's affairs, and said his report to the Comptroller would probably not be made for three weeks. There is some talk of the bank resuming business. President Stimson says that if the stockholders care to repair the impaired capital of the bank he sees nothing to prevent resumption. The only evident effect of the failure in financial circles here is the run on the Kausas City Savings Bank, which was unfortunate enough to be located in the same building with the American Bank. The stock of the bank was held principally in the East, and inasmuch as depositors will probably be paid in full, the effect upon local business men will be slight.

The run on the savings bank continued unabated until noon, when a feeling of confidence began to appear among the weary depositors. At that hour many dropped out of line, having decided to leave their money with the bank. When the hour for closing approached the crowd had thinned out very measurably. It is believed now that the back-bone of the run has been broken, and that in a day or two complete confidence will be restored. In the two days during which the run has been made about \$50,000 has been withdrawn from the bank, \$30,000 yesterday and \$20,000 to-day. The officials of the bank say they are amply able to meet its demands on sight.

Shared the Fate of Other Funds. CHICAGO, Jan. 20 .- The \$8,000 collected by Bishop Taylor for missionary work in east Africa and given by him to S. A. Kean, the banker, who has since become insolvent, will have to await the general settlement of Kean's affairs, and the Methodist missions in Africa under the good Bishop will have to get along as best they can in the meantime. It was sought in court to show that this was a trust fund given to Mr. Kean personally, and not as a banker. To-day Kean's pass-book, as custodian of the fund, was brought to light, and it was shown that as such custodian he had deposited it in his own bank.

Other Business Troubles.

VINCENNES, Ind., Jan. 20 .- This morning T. P. Aguew, one of the most prominent grocers of the city, closed his doors on account of inability to meet certain heavy claims that came against him all at once. Wm. Greer, the heaviest mortgagee, took the keys of the establishment. The liabilities are about \$6,000, and the assets per-haps \$10,000. The failure has been a sur-

Highest of all in Leavening Power. - U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Bank, of Kansas City, which failed yesterday. The liabilities and assets cannot be

PALMERO, Neb., Jan. 20.-There was a heavy run on the Deposit Bank yesterday,

resulting from a rumor that the institution was in an unsafe condition. The bank paid all demands. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Jan. 20.-Charles W. McKee, a retail jeweler, made a voluntary assignment to-day. Assets, \$12,500; liabilities, \$8,000.

ascertained.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 20.—Barnes Brothers. of Hastings, were closed by the sheriff to-day. Liabilities, \$33,000; nominal assets,

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Allen & Co., the cramped Buffalo, N. Y., bucket-shop firm, has resumed business. The Bethlehem, Pa., Iron Company will reduce employes' wages 10 per cent on Feb. 1. The Photographers' Association of Amerca will meet in Buffalo, N. Y., July 14, next. The Northern Pacific railway lays claim o odd sections in the Puyallup Indian reservation in the State of Washington. A. A. Ross, agent of the Southern Express Company in Lake City, Fla., was robbed of

600 by and unknown man on Monday. The Chicago City Council has substituted per cent. city bonds for the 312 per cents., which have proved unsalable. The issue aggregates nearly \$1,800,000.

Wm. S. Tyler, a step-son of City Register Joseph H. Wherry, of St. Louis, and a grandson of Judge Philip S. Lansall, poioned himself on Monday with "Rough on Capt. Thomas F. Maloney, of Harrisburg,

Pa., was found drowned in the Susquehanna river yesterday. Mahoney was keeper of the State arsenal, and a well-known mil-

Seven thousand dollars was found yesterday in the but of a hermit on the banks of the Connecticut river. The miser died recently in squalor, and the find of property is a surprise. At Toledo, yesterday, a man known as

Sesh" Earnest attempted to shoot his divorced wife and then killed himself. He was a dissipated man, and when in liquor beat his wife shamefully. The house occupied by Robert Sharpe, at Port Hope, Ont., was destroyed by fire Monday night. The family had a narrow es-

cape, Mr. Sharpe being slightly burned, while one of his children was burned to a The mail-carrier between Whitesburg, Ky., and Big Stone Gap, Va., has been murdered. He had been missing since the recent heavy snow. His body has been found, shot twice. The mail-pouch was

The Rev. A. M. De Ford, of Hortonville, Wis., has been sentenced to five years, at Waupun, at hard labor, and in addition will pay a fine of \$500 for the crime of raising currency from one denomination to an-

Vice-president De Young, of the world's fair national commission, in an interview yesterday, said the report made by Congressman Candler's special committee was unwarranted and its conclusions based on Nearly a dozen window-glass factories have shut down on account of an over-

stocked market and lower prices. The United Glass Company has shut down all the factories under its control, and other outside factories are expected to follow. Charles Thompson, alias Dean, John O. Hearn and Ed B. Long were arrested in a Chicago pawn-shop while attempting to dispose of half of \$4,000 worth of bonds obtained last month by blowing open the safe of M. C. Buxbaum, a Cincinnati capi-

In the next number of the Journal of the Knighte of Labor Mr. Powderly will condemn the recent report to the Legislature by the New York State Board of Arbitration on the New York Central strike as "biased," "untruthful," "malicious," and 'inspired by personal venom." The officers of the steamer Abyssinia,

which arrived at Vancouver, B. C., from Hong Kong and Yokohama Sunday, report that E. P. Turner shot and killed himself when the steamer was four days out from Vancouver. Turner is said to be a son of the late Admiral Turner, of the United States navy. Twenty-five ticket-scalpers, from all

parts of the country, met in convention at Chicago Pacific Hotel yesterday and or-ganized the National Ticket-brokers' Assonation. The membership numbers sixty. The officers elected are: President, G. Nat Reeves, of Chicago: second vice-president, John Fraas, jr., of Columbus, O.; treasurer, L. E. Kacey, of Kaness City. Three masked men entered a tent at Mc-

Carthyville, Mont., where five traders were seated at a table playing poker, being attracted by the sight of \$700 lying on the table. The players were cor throw up their hands, and upon refusing the robbers opened fire, killing two of the traders and seriously wounding the other three. They then took the money and fled. Gen. C. B. Norton is lying dangerously ill at Chicago, suffering from a second stroke of paralysis. He arrived in Chicago, from New York, a short time ago, to consult

with the world's fair officials. He was chief of a bureau of the Philadelphia exposition, in 1876, a commissioner of the New York exposition, in 1855, and a United States commissioner to the Paris exposition The Kansas City car and wheel-works at Birmingham, a suburb of that city, have closed down for an indefinite period. Superintendent Sutherland says that the freight rates into Kansas City are so un-favorable that it is impossible to manufacture cars there as cheaply as in St. Louis. The town of Birmingham was brought into existence by the establishment of the

works, and it will suffer greatly by the Three months ago George Spaulding, a saloon-keeper, of Cedar Rapids, Ia., was fined \$500 and costs for a violation of the law. Up to a week ago he had paid in \$100 of this, when he left town and attempted to ship his stock of liquors. The sheriff, learning of his intentions, seized the goods while in transit to the depot, and now advertises the entire stock for sale at auction. This is the first instance known in which liquors seized in a prohibition State have been offered for sale by the officials.

Losses by Fire.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20 .- The plant of the

Standard Motor Company was entirely consumed by fire at an early hour this morning, entailing a loss of \$142,000. The watchman dropped his lantern and set fire to the building. The nearest engine-house is half a mile distant, and the plant was practiready to throw any water upon it. The Standard Motor Company was originally the Belding Motor Company. The building cost \$75,000. The company had just put in fifty thousand dollars worth of new machinery and had not yet commenced work. The Northwestern Expanded Metal Company, which was to occupy a part of the building, loses \$50,000 on machinery and \$12,000 on stock. There was no insurance on the machinery of the motor company, and but \$30,000 on the building. The Expanded Metal Company was fully insured. NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 20.-The Delaware. Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company's freight depot at Mont Clair was burned this morning. Four Pullman and two passenger coaches, seven freight cars and a considerable quantity of freight were destroyed. A barrel of kerosene standing

\$100,000, covered by insurance. A Conservator of Decency.

on the platform caught fire and helped spread the flames. The loss is estimated at

Chicago Tribune. Enthusiastic Spectator (at prize-fight)-A hundred dollars to fifty on Fitz-New Orleans Policeman-Hi, there! Put that money back in your pocket or go outside! This is no place for roughs. Gosh!

RAILWAY TIME-TABLES. From Indianapolis Union Station. East-West South-North

Trains run by Central Standard Pime.

Leave for Pittsburg, Baltimore, (d 4:45 a m. Washington, Philadelphia and New (d 3:00 p m. d 5:30 p m. York.

Arrive from the East, d 11:40 am., d 12:50 pm. and d 10:00 pm.

Leave for Oblumbus, 9:00 am.; arrive from Oblumbus, 3:45 pm.; leave for Richmond, 4:00 pm.; arrive from Richmond, 9:00 am.

Leave for Chicago, d 11:05 am., d 11:80 pm.; arrive from Oblicaso, d 3:45 pm.; d 3:30 am.

Leave for Louisville, d 3:40 am., 8:00 am., d 3:55 pm. Arrive from Louisville, d 11:00 am., 6:00 pm., d 10:50 pm.

Leave for Columbus, 4:30 pm. Arrive from Columbus, 10:25 am.

Columbus, 10:25 am.

Leave for Vincennes and Oaire, 7:20 am., 4:00 pm.; arrive from Vincennes and Caire; 10:50 pm., 5:00 pm. d. daily: other wains except Sunday. TANDALIA LINE -SHORTEST BOUTE TO Trains arrive and leave Indianapolisas follows:
Leave for St. Louis. 7:30 am, 11:50 am, 1:00 p m, 11:00
pm. All trains connect at Terre Haute. Through
siceper on 11:00 p. m. train. Greencastle and Terre Haute Accom'dation, 4:00 pm Arrive from St. Louis, 3:45 am, 4:15 am, 2:50 pm, 5:2 pin, 7:45 pm.

Terre Haute and Greencastle Accom'dation, 10:00 am.

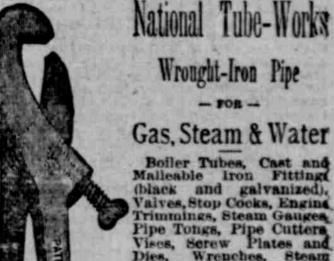
Sleeping and Parlor Cars are run on through trains.

For rates and information apply to ticket agents of the company, or W. F. BRUNNER, District Passenger Agent

> THE VESTIBULED PULLMAN CAR LINE

LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS.

Ticket Offices-No. 26 South Illinois street and at



black and galvanized), Valves, Stop Cocks, Engine Frimmings, Steam Gauges Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters Vises, Serew Plates and Dies, Wrenches, Steam Traps, Pumps, Kitchen Sinks, Hose, Belting, Bab-bitt Metal, Solder, White and Colored Wiping Waste, and all other supplies used in connection with Gas Steam and Water. Natura Gas Supplies a specialty. Steam-heating Apparatus for Public Buildings, Storerooms, Mills, Shops, Factories, Lumber Dry-houses, etc. Cut and Thread to order any size Wrought-iron Pipe from 18 inch to 12 inches diameter. KNIGHT & JILLSON, 75 & 77 S. Pennsylvania st

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN. Local Forecasts.

For Indianapolis and Vicinity-For the twenty-four hours ending 8 P. M., Jan. 21-Sigihtly colder, cloudy weather, with occasional light rain or enow.

GENERAL INDICATIONS. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- Forecast till 8 P. M. Wedesday:

For Indiana-Light local showers during the afternoon and evening: winds shifting to westerly; slightly colder. For Ohio-Showers in northern, fair in

southern portion; southwesterly winds cooler in southwest, stationary temperature in northeast portion.

For Illinois—Local showers, clearing during the day: westerly winds; colder in southern, stationary temperature in north-

Observations at Indianapolis, INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 20. Time. | Bar. | Ther. | R. H. | Wind. | Weather. | Pre.

ern portion.

Maximum temperature, 52; minimum temper-Following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation on Jan. 20:

Mean.
Departure from normal..... Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1.

General Weather Conditions. TUESDAY, Jan. 20, 7 P. M. PRESSURE.-The low barometric area in the Northwest moved southeastward and is central to-night over Wisconsin; it extends southward to southerm Missouri; another low area is apparently central over the western portion of the gulf; west of the ninety-seventh meridian the pressure

is moderately high, and rising. TEMPERATURE.—Higher temperature continued; 30° and below is reported from porthern Dakota and northern Minnesota northward; 40° and above from Montana northwestward and from Indian Territory; the western point of Lake Superior over western lowa southward; from Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, West Virginia and North Carolina southward; 500 and above on the western gulf coast, and from Arkansas, southern Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia and

outh Carolina southward. PRECIPITATION.—Light snow fell in north-ern Minnesota and Iowa, light rain in Wisconsin, Arkansas, eastern Kansas and in eastern Texas and northern Louisiana.

Remarkable Winter in the Northwest, St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 20.-The present season is even more unprecedented than the two that preceded it, and the extremely mild weather is remarkable. Warm rains are reported at several points in South Dakita to day, while the mercury in some places was above 60°. Huron reports the mercury at 42° and the first January rain since the city was platted. Aberdeen reports rain and warm weather. At Grand Forks, N. D., the thermometer was 60° and citizens were doing without overcoats and many were in their shirt sleeves. It is the mildest winter in the memory of the oldest

Kipling's Latest,

inhabitant.

Philadelphia Press. Rudyard Kipling has made some startling iscoveries in America. One of them is that "Only a woman can operate a typewriting machine, because she has served an apprenticeship to the sewing-machine." If he was equally inaccurate in depicting life in India as he is in describing manners and customs in America, the great Eastern empire may not be so dismal a place as Kip-

ling indicated. Panics Are Unnecessary,

Chicago Journal. The law of common sense is again exerting itself in the conduct of the creditors of Westinghouse, the Pitteburg manufacturer, who realize that his failure cannot well be afforded, and who seem disposed to help him through. The time is coming when such feeling will exist on a more general scale, and when panies will be counted the